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In the Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method comprising: forming an integrated circuit capacitor, which includes comprises:

forming a lower electrode on a substrate;

forming a metal preprocessed layer on the lower electrode using chemical vapor deposition in which a metal precursor comprising a material selected from a group of materials consisting of Ta(OCH₂H₅)₅ and Ta(OCH₃)₅ is used as a source gas comprising:

placing the substrate into a reaction chamber;
adsorbing the metal precursor directly in the lower electrode;
reacting the metal precursor with the lower electrode; and
purging the metal precursor from the reaction chamber;
forming a dielectric layer on the metal preprocessed layer; and
forming an upper electrode on the dielectric layer.

- 2. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the lower electrode comprises at least one material selected from a group of materials consisting of polysilicon, a noble metal, and metal nitride.
- 3. (original) The method of Claim 2, wherein the noble metal is selected from a group of noble metals consisting of Ru, Pt, and Ir.
- 4. (original) The method of Claim 2, wherein the metal nitride is selected from a group of metal nitrides consisting of titanium nitride, tantalum nitride, and tungsten nitride.
 - 5. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the metal precursor comprises Ta.
 - 6. (canceled)
 - 7. (canceled)

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- 8. (previously presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein a flow rate of the metal precursor during deposition is about 1 2000 sccm.
- 9. (previously presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein a temperature in the reaction chamber is about 100° C 600° C.
- 10. (previously presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein purging the metal precursor comprises purging the metal precursor from the reaction chamber using a purge gas selected from a group of purge gases consisting of argon and nitrogen.
- 11. (previously presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein a pressure in the reaction chamber is about 0.1 30 torr.
- 12. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the dielectric layer comprises a metal oxide layer.
- 13. (original) The method of Claim 12, wherein forming the metal oxide layer comprises:

placing the substrate into a reaction chamber; introducing a metal source gas into the reaction chamber; adsorbing the metal source gas in the lower electrode; purging the metal source gas from the reaction chamber; introducing an oxygen source gas into the reaction chamber; adsorbing the oxygen source gas in the lower electrode; and reacting the adsorbed metal source gas with the adsorbed oxygen source gas.

- 14. (original) The method of Claim 13, wherein the metal oxide layer comprises tantalum oxide.
 - 15. (original) The method of Claim 13, wherein the metal source gas comprises a

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source gas selected from a group of source gases consisting of Ta(OCH₂H₅)₅, Ta(OCH₃)₅, and TaCl₅

- 16. (original) The method of Claim 13, wherein the oxygen source gas comprises at least one source gas selected from a group of source gases consisting of H₂O, H₂O₂, O₂, N₂O, and O₃.
- 17. (original) The method of Claim 13, wherein a flow rate of the metal source gas and a flow rate of the oxygen source gas during deposition is about 1 2000 sccm.
- 18. (original) The method of Claim 13, wherein a temperature in the reaction chamber is about 100° C 600° C.
- 19. (original) The method of Claim 13, wherein purging the metal source gas comprises purging the metal source gas from the reaction chamber using a purge gas selected from a group of purge gases consisting of argon and nitrogen.
- 20. (original) The method of Claim 13 wherein a pressure in the reaction chamber is about 0.1 10 torr.
- 21. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the upper electrode comprises at least one material selected from a group of materials consisting of polysilicon, a noble metal, and metal nitride.
- 22. (original) The method of Claim 21, wherein the noble metal is selected from a group of noble metals consisting of Ru, Pt, and Ir.
- 23. (original) The method of Claim 21, wherein the metal nitride is selected from a group of metal nitrides consisting of titanium nitride, tantalum nitride, and tungsten nitride.